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Editorial Article

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WILD LIFE AND ZOOLOGY IN THE WORLD OF WRITING

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EDITORIAL LETTER

Wildlife traditionally refers to undomesticated animal species, but has come to include all organisms that grow or live wild in an area without being introduced by humans. Wildlife can be found in all ecosystems. Deserts, forests, rainforests, plains, grasslands, and other areas, including the most developed urban areas, all have distinct forms of wildlife. While the term in popular culture usually refers to animals that are untouched by human factors, most scientists agree that much wildlife is affected by human activities.

Humans have historically tended to separate civilization from wildlife in a number of ways, including the legal, social, and moral senses. Some animals, however, have adapted to suburban environments. This includes such animals as domesticated cats, dogs, mice, and gerbils. Some religions declare certain animals to be sacred, and in modern times, concern for the natural environment has provoked activists to protest against the exploitation of wildlife for human benefit or entertainment. The global wildlife population decreased by 52% between 1970 and 2014, according to a World Wildlife Fund report.

International Journal of Pure and Applied Zoology is a platform where all the zoologists, ecologists, wild life researchers, entomologists gather and submit their research work to the Journal which has already published 7 volumes with 4 issues every year. Each issue with nearly 5-6 articles have been published after the complete peer review process within a span of 41 days. A total receiving of 35-40 articles, it is the responsibility of Editors to accept the most relatable article to this field. After the acceptance, the decision will be based on the reviewers whether the article has to be accepted, revised or rejected. IJPAZ completely follows double blind peer review process. The togetherness of work of Editors reviewers, managing editors and the author made the journal a success platform.

The main concept of IJPAZ is to deliver the message and updates related to the life science to the readers happening across the globe in the form of Research article, review article, case reports, short communication, etc. The topics that IJPAZ covers include Parasitology, Entomology, Embryology, molecular biology, Aquaculture, Vermin technology, Bioinformatics, environmental biology, genetics, neurobiology, immunology, microbiology, cell biology, stem cell research, developmental biology etc.

The journal publishes manuscript containing information from original research that contributes to basic wildlife science. Suitable topics include investigations into the biology and ecology of wildlife and their habitats that has direct or indirect implications for wildlife management and conservation. This includes basic information on wildlife habitat use, reproduction, genetics, demographics, viability, predator-prey relationships, space-use, movements, behavior, and physiology; but within the context of contemporary management and conservation issues such that the knowledge may ultimately be useful to wildlife practitioners.

Also considered are theoretical and conceptual aspects of wildlife science, including development of new approaches to quantitative analyses, modeling of wildlife populations and habitats, and other topics that are germane to advancing wildlife science.

The upcoming issue of 2020 may include the latest trends in zoological science, Ecological science which may include:

- 1. Enormous progress that has been made in zoology in 20th century.
- 2. Discovery of new species, wild life, geological facts, ecological life, aquatic life etc.
- 3. Zoologists' approach towards new level of discoveries and inventions.
- 4. Integrated biology, techniques and technological breakthroughs.
- 5. Major development, evolution in nature and genetics.

I would like to be the part of this Editorial team for the upcoming issues of 2020 too and would also like to show my gratitude towards the managing editor of the respective journal for accepting me as a suitable editor for this journal. It has been 4 years I am providing my editorial services to the journal and will continue to serve in future.