



Value of cancer care for metastatic breast cancer patients and providers

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Abstract

The scene of treatment alternatives and related forecast for patients with metastatic bosom malignant growth (MBC) is quickly advancing. Because of these advances in treatment, various associations have put impressive assets into creating assessment systems looking to explain the estimation of new treatments. While a portion of these structures to cultivate tolerant supplier shared basic leadership, others are more payer centered, and all are constrained in their consolidation of patient impression of significant worth and proof on treatment angles generally important to patients.

Techniques: Four hours and the half-center gatherings were directed: two with patients (matured <50 years and matured \geq 50 years) and two with human services suppliers (oncologists and oncology medical attendants) who treat patients with MBC. Utilizing semi-organized conversation guides, custom fitted to every member gathering, patient, and supplier view of the variables generally essential to patients while considering treatment were investigated just as different wellsprings of saw an incentive in disease care. Conversations were sound recorded and translated. Topical examination recognized characteristics of patients with MBC consider when settling on treatment choices, and concordance among patients and social insurance suppliers was surveyed.

Value assessments and treatment decision making typically focus on clinical endpoints, especially overall survival (OS). However, OS data are not always available, and surrogate markers may also have some value to patients. This study sought to estimate preferences for progression-free survival (PFS) relative to OS in metastatic breast cancer (mBC) among a diverse set of stakeholders—patients, oncologists, and oncology nurses—and estimate the value patients and providers place on other attributes of treatment.

Utilizing a combined conjoint analysis and discrete choice experiment approach, we conducted an online prospective survey of mBC patients and oncology care providers who treat mBC patients across the United States.

Biography

Kwame Eric firi is 34 years old who had completed this master degree at Cyprus international university. He is from delightful place where there is gold Ghana.

He had worked as teaching assistant in the University of Ghana for 2 years. He also worked as a Zonal coordinator at National disaster and management organization (NADMO). He had been a research head for Resource Management team from 2010-2012. Lastly, he worked at Ghana Pharmaceutical and drug research association as a board member.

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