Gynecology and Reproductive endocrinology





Risk Management in Obstetrics Gynaecology

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Abstract

Risk Management is defined as the process whereby an organization anticipates the potential for injuries or losses and acts to avoid those injuries before and/ or to ameliorate them after they occur. There are many evidences that Health Care should adopt the principle of Risk Management.

Objectives of Risk Management:

- Minimize risk to quality of service and patient outcomes
- Ensure provision of a safe and effective service
- Manage risks in partnership with patients, staff, the community and other healthcare providers
- Seek to learn from mistakes and not to blame

The Risk Management Process:

- Risk identification
- · Risk Analysis
- · Risk Treatment
- Risk Register
- The National Context

Most errors go unnoticed or unreported.

No doctor or nurse comes to work to harm a patient, that is the very last thing they would want to do.

Conclusion: To err is human. To cover up is unforgivable. To fail to learn is inexcusable.

Biography

Abubakr Elmardi, MMed, FICS, FFRSH, FRCOG, FACOG. Chief Strategic Officer (CSO). Head of Obstetrics and Gynecology Department. Consultant Obstetrician and Urogynecologist. Head of Urogynecology Unit and Pelvic Floor Reconstructive Surgery. Head of Cosmetic Gynecology Unit. Royale Hayat Hospital, Kuwait. Associate Professor, St.George, Grenada. Senior Lecturer, Keel University Medical school, UK. Former Deputy Chairman, Postgraduate School Birmingham West Midland, UK.



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