# Precision medicine in pathology: Targeting disease specific pathways.

## Chiara Gao\*

Department of Neuropathology, Aberystwyth University, Penglais, UK

**Received:** 10-Jul-2023, Manuscript No. AAPDB-23-105414; **Editor assigned:** 13-Jul-2023, AAPDB-23-105414 (PQ); **Reviewed:** 28-Jul-2023, QC No. AAPDB-23-105414; **Revised:** 11-Sep-2023, Manuscript No. AAPDB-23-105414 (R); **Published:** 19-Sep-2023, DOI:10.35841/AAPDB.7.5.171

# **Description**

Precision medicine has emerged as a revolutionary approach in healthcare, transforming the diagnosis, treatment and management of diseases. In the field of pathology, precision medicine offers the potential to tailor therapies based on the specific molecular and genetic characteristics of individual patients. By targeting disease specific pathways, precision medicine aims to optimize treatment outcomes, minimize adverse effects and improve patient care. This article explores the concept of precision medicine in pathology and its implications for understanding disease specific pathways and developing targeted therapeutic interventions [1].

Traditional approaches to disease management have often relied on a one size fits all approach, where treatments are designed based on broad disease classifications. However, it is increasingly evident that diseases are not uniform entities but rather encompass a spectrum of molecular and genetic variations. Precision medicine recognizes the heterogeneity of diseases and emphasizes the need for individualized treatment strategies [2].

In pathology, precision medicine aims to identify diseasespecific pathways that are dysregulated in individual patients. By analyzing molecular biomarkers, genetic mutations, and other molecular signatures, pathologists can gain insights into the underlying mechanisms driving disease progression. This understanding allows for the development of targeted therapies that directly address the specific pathways and molecular alterations associated with a particular disease [3].

Precision medicine in pathology has shown remarkable success in various fields, including oncology. By utilizing genomic profiling and molecular diagnostics, pathologists can identify specific genetic mutations or aberrations in tumor cells. This information enables the selection of targeted therapies that specifically inhibit the aberrant pathways responsible for tumor growth, leading to improved treatment outcomes and prolonged survival rates for cancer patients [4].

Furthermore, precision medicine in pathology extends beyond cancer. It has the potential to revolutionize the management of other diseases, such as cardiovascular disorders, neurodegenerative diseases, and autoimmune conditions. By uncovering disease specific pathways and molecular targets, pathologists can guide treatment decisions and personalize therapeutic interventions based on the unique characteristics of each patient [5].

#### Conclusion

Precision medicine in pathology represents a paradigm shift in disease management, emphasizing the importance of individualized approaches and targeting disease specific pathways. By understanding the molecular and genetic underpinnings of diseases, pathologists can identify key biomarkers and aberrant pathways that drive disease progression. This knowledge forms the basis for developing targeted therapies that offer improved efficacy and reduced toxicity. As precision medicine continues to advance, it holds the promise of transforming healthcare by optimizing treatment outcomes, enhancing patient care, and paving the way for a new era of personalized medicine.

#### References

- 1. Yoo SK, Song YS, Lee EK, et al. Integrative analysis of genomic and transcriptomic characteristics associated with progression of aggressive thyroid cancer. Nat Commun. 2019;10(1):2764.
- Shay JW, Homma N, Zhou R, et al. Abstracts from the 3<sup>rd</sup> International Genomic Medicine Conference (3<sup>rd</sup> IGMC 2015) Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. 30 November-3 December 2015. BMC genomics. 2016;17:1-78.
- 3. Agarwal G, Gupta S, Spiess PE. Novel targeted therapies for the treatment of penile cancer. Expert Opin Drug Discov. 2014;9(8):959-68.
- 4. Wiggins RC, Alpers CE, Holzman LB, et al. Glomerular disease: Looking beyond pathology. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol. 2014;9(6):1138.
- 5. Heft Neal ME, Bhangale AD, Birkeland AC, et al. Prognostic significance of oxidation pathway mutations in recurrent laryngeal squamous cell carcinoma. Cancers. 2020;12(11):3081.

## \*Correspondence to

Chiara Gao

Department of Neuropathology,

Aberystwyth University,

Penglais,

United Kingdom

E-mail: chiara67@aber.ac.uk

Citation: Gao C. Precision medicine in pathology: Targeting disease specific pathways. J Pathol Dis Biol. 2023;7(5):1.