



Fluid resuscitation in sepsis; what is appropriate

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Abstract

Sepsis is a leading cause of morbidity and mortality in children with a worldwide prevalence in pediatric intensive care units of approximately 8%. Fluid bolus therapy is a first line therapy for resuscitation of septic shock and has been a recommendation of international guidelines for nearly two decades. The evidence base supporting these guidelines are based on limited data. In recent times, evidence suggesting harm from fluid in terms of morbidity and mortality have generated lots of interest in reviewing amount and kind of fluid is best for resuscitating pediatric septic patients. My talk will try to review the available data and evidence.

Biography

Mohammed Bakhsh did his Saudi Board in Pediatrics on 2002 then Traveled to Canada For Fellowship in Pediatric critical care in university of western Ontario for one year, then at university of Toronto at sick children hospital for two years. Currently he is also PALS course director and Pediatric simulation course director at KAMCJ.



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