## **Editorial on Market Analysis on Nephrology**

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## Editorial

The global renal disease market is expected to trigger the Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) of 6.32% during the forecast period of 5 years (2018-2023) with a market value of 94 million USD by 2023. The cost incurred on the treatment patterns like dialysis, transplantations, medications and various devices like urinary collection devices is increasing drastically with the increase in the incidence of occurrence for various renal disorders.

This change is indirectly governed by various other comorbidities. However, the rate of incidence is high in women compared to men. Market Dynamics: Renal Diseases have been influencing the health community to a greater extent by contributing high incidence of kidney diseases.

As per the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Renal disease report of 2015. More than 6,61,000 Americans are found to be the victims of renal failure, of which 4,68000 are on dialysis and remaining have undergone transplantation. As per National Chronic Kidney disease facts around 60 million people in US have been suffering from chronic kidney disease in 2018. Global Kidney Market share by treatment type in 2018: Based on the disease type, the global renal market has been categorised as Chronic kidney disease and EndStage Renal disease and upon the treatment basis the market has been shared as expenditure on dialysis, medications and kidney transplantation. Global Kidney disease market is highly influenced by other Co morbidities like Diabetes mellitus and Hypertension and other systemic disorders. Societies Associated with Nephrology Research Nephrology Societies leads the fight against kidney disease by educating health professionals, sharing new knowledge, advancing research, and advocating the highest quality care for patients. As per the statistics they were 9,000 Nephrology societies across the globe.

Enhance their own workforce to meet clinical demands, and the laudable desire to develop and maintain teaching programs by both academic and practicing nephrologists. This increase in training slots has led to a dramatic increase in nephrologists. Between 2015 and 2020, nephrology grew more rapidly than any internal medicine subspecialty other than geriatrics. The increasing number of graduating trainees and practicing nephrologists may in the near future, if it has not already, lead to a sluggish job market for new trainees