The organizing committee of Cancer 2021 invites all the participants from all over the world to attend the “6th International Summit on Cancer Research and Diagnosis” will be held on February 15-16, 2021 at London, UK. The primary topic of the conference is “Marching together towards a Cancer free Society”.

Cancer 2021 is a global platform for the educational and scientific events for healthcare professionals who provide treatment and care in the areas of the Oncology and academic researchers who conduct research work and clinical trials for the human welfare. The Cancer Research and Diagnosis invites Pathologists, Oncologists, Radiologists, Academicians, Clinical Researchers, Students, Young researchers, Medical Devices Companies and business delegates across the world to share ideas, views and to exchange knowledge and establish research collaborations & networking.

Cancer is the second leading cause of death worldwide. Its crucial to remember that cancer is not one disease, its more than 200 cancer diseases involved. All different, unique diseases, which require different approaches for treatment. Treatments that work for some cancers don’t work for others and sometimes those treatments simply stop working. Only worldwide research will enhance our understanding of cancer and help us find and develop better, more effective treatments. And only a global search for answers will help us get to grips with this disease.

The conference will provide with an exceptional opportunity for the delegates from Universities and Institutes to interact with the world class Scientists and Industry Professionals working in the field of cancer (or) oncology.

The global breast cancer drugs market size was valued at USD 16.98 billion in 2018 and is expected to register at a CAGR of 10.7% over the forecast period. Rising prevalence of the disease along with emerging novel therapies are some of the major factors likely to drive the market. Early detection of breast cancer is a key to effective management of the disease.

Breast cancer in Middle East:
The impression among Arab Physicians handling breast cancer is that it presents at associate earlier age and at an additional advanced stage as compared to western countries. However, the applied math information to support this impression is remarkably scarce. Breast cancer incidence varied wide among the four collaborating countries, with the very best rates in human Israeli ladies (100.4/100,000) and therefore the lowest rates in Turkish ladies (50.7/100,000). In place carcinoma were significantly higher within the SEER population than within the MECC written account population.

Breast cancer biology in USA & Canada:
In the year twenty17 nearly thirteen of all cancers diagnosed in adults ages 20 and older are rare cancers, during this report as a cancer with fewer than 10 cases per 100,000 individuals each year. This year’s special section reviews statistics for twenty-eight rare cancers, together with incidence and mortality rates and trends, stage at identification, and survival, and additionally provides a summary of risk factors and symptoms for choose cancers. it’s supposed to tell anyone concerning| inquisitive about| fascinated by) learning additional about rare cancers in adults, together with policy manufacturers, researchers, clinicians, cancer management advocates, patients, and caregivers.
Breast cancer biology in UK & Europe: Breast cancer is that the most typical variety of cancer within the United Kingdom & Europe, however survival over the last forty years has nearly doubled. Today, eight in ten ladies diagnosed with breast cancer can survive their wellness for ten years or additional. In United Kingdom breast cancer Care survey found one in four ladies (26%) notice the tip of treatment the toughest a part of breast cancer and only 1 in ten (10%) say they felt positive and prepared to maneuver on once they were discharged from hospital treatment. over [*fr1] (53%) struggled with anxiety at the tip of treatment and nearly a 3rd (31%) with depression.

Breast in Asia-Pacific: Breast cancer is that the commonest cancer in most countries in Asia. The incidence rates stay low, though increasing at a lot of fast rate than in western countries, as a result of changes within the fashion and diet. Asia compared with western countries several variations between breast cancers. The mean age at onset is younger than within the west, and in contrast to the west, the age-specific incidence decreases once the age of fifty years. as a result of there’s no population-based carcinoma screening program within the majority of Asian countries, the bulk of patients present with advanced illness .In Asia pacific there’s a better proportion of endocrine receptor-negative patients.