



**Title:** Opinion and perspective.Acute pneumonia and non-respiratory lung functions

**Author:** Dr.Igor Klepikov MD,Phd, Russia

**Email:** igor.klepikov@yahoo.com

## Abstract

The modern systematic approach to the treatment of acute pneumonia (AP) was formed in recent decades by the use of antibiotics, but the hegemony of antimicrobial principles in the treatment of AP did not immediately arise as a result of the stunning initial effect of penicillin therapy. On the contrary, further multiplication of the role and value of antibiotics in the General medical complex is not entirely logical. The paradox of the situation is that the more antibacterial therapy lost its therapeutic activity, the more significant its perception as the main tool in the treatment of AP became. It is quite natural that this focus mainly on pathogen suppression has narrowed the range of ideas about the nature of AP and its features. In recent years, the transformation of views on the problem of AP has reached, in my view, the ultimate distortion. Banal forms of bacterial inflammation in the lungs have become regarded as an infectious disease. At the same time, the epidemiology and features of AP have not changed in comparison with those characteristics that have been known to medicine for hundreds of years. Despite the designation of AP as an infectious process, the recommendations for ensuring epidemiological conditions for this disease remained the same.

## Biography

Igor Klepikov (2019) "The Role and Importance of Biological Stereotypes in the Pathogenesis of Acute Pneumonia." *EC Pulmonology and Respiratory Medicine* 83(2019), 239-246



- 1.The paradox of the scientific career of a highly qualified pediatric surgeon in Russia and Israel.
- 2.The most impressive results have been achieved in the non-surgical section of medicine.
3. Work in the Siberian clinic of pediatric surgery is the responsibility of treatment of children with the most aggressive.
- 4.Acute pneumonia at an early stage of the disease.
5. The high concentration of such patients (up to 10 and more at the same time), the rapid development of purulent complications and high mortality (up to 10% or more) are forced to look for ways to solve this problem.

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